



Oxalic Acid Dihydrate

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Oxalic Acid Dihydrate

Other Means of Identification Ethanedioic Acid, Dicarboxylic Acid, Oxiric Acid

Product Code(s) OX1010, OX1020

Product Family Organic
Recommended Use Industrial.
Restrictions on Use None known.

Supplier Identifier Alphachem Limited, 2485 Milltower Court, Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 5Z6, (905) 821-2995

Emergency Phone No. CANUTEC CANADA, 613-996-6666, 24 Hours

CHEMTREC, 800-424-9300, 24 Hours

SDS No. 0066

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012).

Classification

Skin corrosion - Category 1B; Serious eye damage - Category 1

Label Elements



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Do not breathe dusts or mists.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Other Hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers
OXALIC ACID	144-62-7	>99	Dicarboxylic Acid, Oxiric Acid

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by Poison Centre or doctor.

Skin Contact

Immediately rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. If it can be done safely, continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Eye Contact

Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open.

Ingestion

Never give anything by mouth if person is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

First-aid Comments

Some of the first-aid procedures recommended here require advanced first-aid training. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

If inhaled: can cause severe irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath, difficult breathing and tightness in the chest. May be drawn into the lungs if swallowed or vomited, causing severe lung damage. Death can result. If on skin: may cause moderate to severe irritation. Symptoms include pain, redness, and swelling. If in eyes: contact causes severe burns with redness, swelling, pain and blurred vision. Permanent damage including blindness can result. If swallowed: blood function tests may show abnormal results. In severe cases, symptoms may include fatigue, shortness of breath, bluish lips and skin, headache, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, dizziness and confusion.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Special Instructions

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Combustible dust. Powder may form explosive dust-air mixture. Closed containers may rupture violently when heated releasing contents. Can ignite if strongly heated.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

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Evacuate area. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours or gases. Fight fire from a safe distance or a protected location. Use water spray to dilute spills to non-flammable mixtures. Knock down vapours or gases with water fog or fine water spray. Dike and recover contaminated water for appropriate disposal.

Chemical protective clothing (e.g. chemical splash suit) and positive pressure SCBA may be necessary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Emergency responders: use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Get expert advice. Evacuate the area immediately. Isolate the hazard area. Keep out unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove or isolate incompatible materials as well as other hazardous materials. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use grounded, explosion-proof equipment.

Environmental Precautions

If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas. Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Place used absorbent into suitable, covered, labelled containers for disposal. Large spills or leaks: contact emergency services and manufacturer/supplier for advice.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid generating dusts. Eliminate heat and ignition sources such as sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and static discharge. Post "No Smoking" signs. Good housekeeping is extremely important. Prevent dust accumulation on ALL surfaces including ceiling rafters and other hidden surfaces. Prevent accidental contact with incompatible chemicals.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in an area that is: well-ventilated, temperature-controlled, dry, out of direct sunlight and away from heat and ignition sources. Protect from conditions listed in Conditions to Avoid in Section 10 (Stability and Reactivity).

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
OXALIC ACID	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	1 mg/m3			

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation and enclosure, if necessary, to control amount in the air. Provide eyewash and safety shower if contact or splash hazard exists.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Wear chemical safety goggles and face shield when contact is possible.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

Suitable materials are: butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl chloride, Viton®, Viton®/butyl rubber, Barrier® (PE/PA/PE), Silver Shield/4H® (PE/EVAL/PE), Tychem® BR/LV, Tychem® Responder, Tychem® TK.

The following materials should NOT be used: polyvinyl alcohol.

Respiratory Protection

Wear a powered air-purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance White crystalline powder.

Odour Odourless
Odour Threshold Not applicable
pH 1.3 (1% solution)

Melting Point/Freezing Point 101.5 °C (214.7 °F) (melting); Not available (freezing)

Initial Boiling Point/RangeNot availableFlash PointNot availableEvaporation RateNot applicableFlammability (solid, gas)Not available

Upper/Lower Flammability or

Explosive Limit

Not available (upper); Not available (lower)

Vapour Pressure < 1.01 mm Hg at 20 °C

Vapour Density (air = 1) 4.4 Relative Density (water = 1) 1.65

Solubility Soluble in water; Soluble in all proportions in alcohols (e.g. ethanol).

Partition Coefficient, -1.74

n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition Temperature Not available

Decomposition Temperature Not available

Viscosity Not applicable (kinematic); Not applicable (dynamic)

Other Information

Physical State Solid

Vapour Pressure at 50 deg C Not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None expected under normal conditions of storage and use.

Conditions to Avoid

High temperatures. Generation of dust.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. perchloric acid), strong bases (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation; skin contact; eye contact; ingestion.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
OXALIC ACID		475 mg/kg (male rat)	> 20000 mg/kg

LC50: No information was located.

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LD50 (oral): No information was located.

LD50 (dermal): No information was located.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Human experience and animal tests show skin corrosion. Contact can cause pain, redness, burns, and blistering. Permanent scarring can result.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye damage based on skin corrosion information. May irritate or burn the eyes. Permanent damage including blindness may result.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

Harmful lung injury, severe nose and throat irritation.

Skin Absorption

No information was located.

Ingestion

Toxic, can cause death Causes severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

Aspiration Hazard

No information was located.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Causes harmful effects on the kidneys, harmful effects on the liver, irritation of the respiratory system. Respiratory tract injury has been observed, dermatitis.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

Not known to be a skin sensitizer.

Not known to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA	
OXALIC ACID	Not evaluated	Not designated	Not Listed		

Key to Abbreviations

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer.

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

NTP = National Toxicology Program.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

No information was located.

Sexual Function and Fertility

No information was located.

Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information was located.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This section is not required by WHMIS. This section is not required by OSHA HCS 2012.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

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Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction. This product and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do NOT dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Treat waste in an approved waste disposal facility.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations. Not regulated under US DOT Regulations.

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

Not listed on the DSL or NDSL.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

Exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Prepared By Alphachem Limited (905)-821-2995

Date of Preparation August 11, 2015

Date of Last Revision December 03, 2015

Disclaimer This document is offered only as a guide in the safe handling of the above product, and has

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reliance on any information herein.

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